

An analysis of shape ensembles through modular diffeomorphisms

Mathematics of Shapes and Applications 2016

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Introduction

Deformation modules

- Definition and first example

- Combination of deformation modules

- Modular large deformations

Studying shape variability

- Sub-Riemannian structure on \mathcal{O}

- Studying shape variability in practice

Example

- A simple example

- Weak prior

Conclusion

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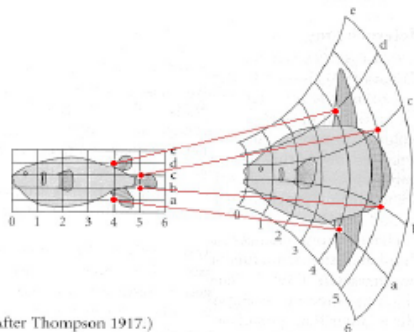
A simple example

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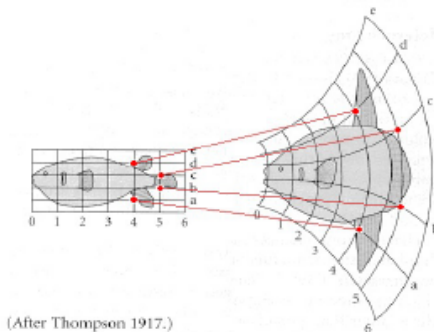
Framework : Large deformations

- ▶ Studying a population of shapes through diffeomorphisms deforming them.



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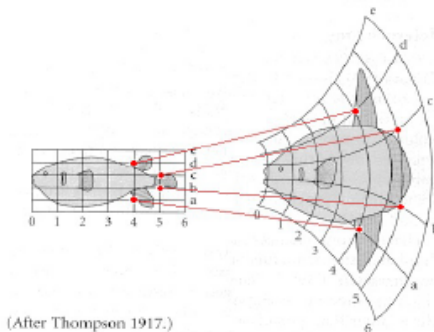
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- ▶ $\phi_0 = Id$, $\frac{d}{dt}\phi_t = v_t \circ \phi_t$ with $v_t \in V_{\phi_t}$.

Framework : Large deformations

- ▶ Studying a population of shapes through diffeomorphisms deforming them.



- ▶ $\phi_0 = Id$, $\frac{d}{dt}\phi_t = v_t \circ \phi_t$ with $v_t \in V_{\phi_t}$.
- Which trajectories of vector fields ?

Previous works

Non parametric frameworks : Shape spaces [S. Arguillere. Géométrie sous-riemannienne en dimension infinie et applications à l'analyse mathématique des formes . PhD thesis, 2014.]

- ▶ **LDDMM** [M. I. Miller, L. Younes, and A. Trounev. Diffeomorphometry and geodesic positioning systems for human anatomy, 2014]
- ▶ **Higher-order momentum** [S. Sommer M. Nielsen, F. Lauze, and X. Pennec. Higher-order momentum distributions and locally affine lddmm registration. SIAM Journal on Imaging Sciences, 2013]
- ▶ **Sparse LDDMM** [S. Durrleman, M. Prastawa, G. Gerig, and S. Joshi. Optimal data-driven sparse parameterization of diffeomorphisms for population analysis. In Information Processing in Medical Imaging , pages 123-134. Springer, 2011]



"Is it possible to mechanize human intuitive understanding of biological pictures that typically exhibit a lot of variability but also possess characteristic structure ?"

Ulf Grenander

Hands : a Pattern Theoric Study of Biological Shapes, 1991

Previous works

Parametric models to model non linear patterns :

- ▶ **GRID** [U. Grenander , A. Srivastava , S. Saini. A pattern-theoretic characterization of biological growth. IEEE, 2007]
- ▶ **Poly-affine** [C. Seiler , X. Pennec, and M. Reyes. Capturing the multiscale anatomical shape variability with polyaffine transformation trees. Medical image analysis, 2012]
- ▶ **Diffeons** [L. Younes. Constrained diffeomorphic shape evolution. Foundations of Computational Mathematics, 2012.]

Aim

Aim

- ▶ Generic generators

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- ▶ Complex and chosen constraints

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- ▶ Metric on shape space taking into account constraints

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└ Deformation modules

└ Definition and first example

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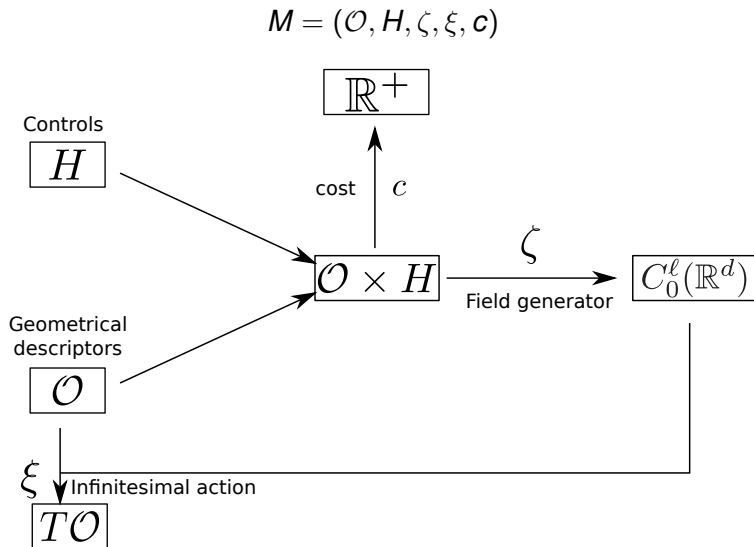
- ▶ Of a particular type
- ▶ Parametrized in small dimension

$$M = (\mathcal{O}, H, \zeta, \xi, c)$$

An analysis of shape ensembles through modular diffeomorphisms

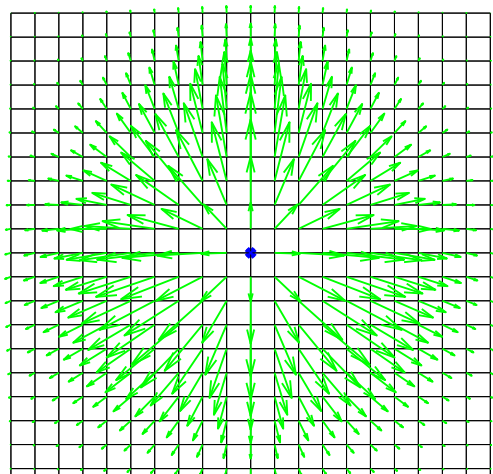
└ Deformation modules

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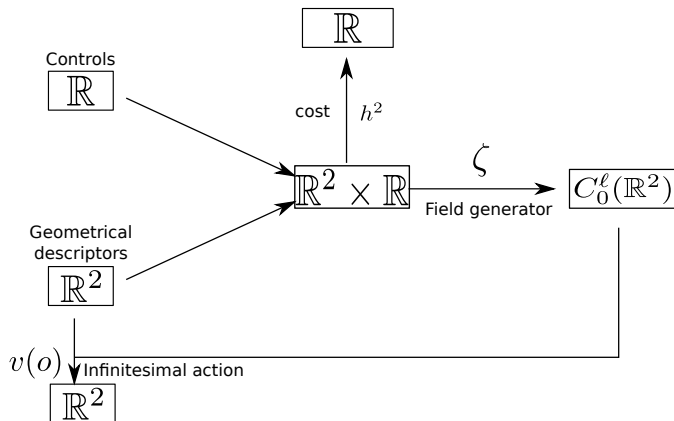


Local scaling of scale σ

Example of generated vector field



Local scaling of scale σ



An analysis of shape ensembles through modular diffeomorphisms

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└ Definition and first example

- ▶ Constraints on the deformation model

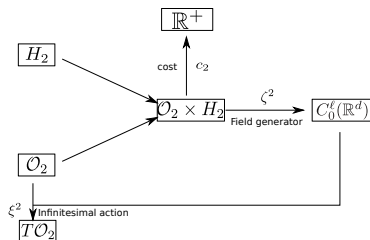
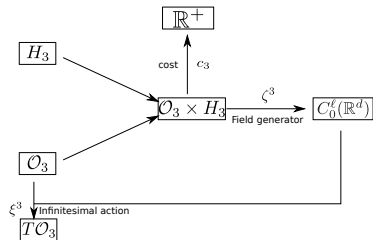
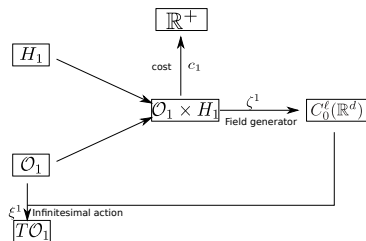
- ▶ Constraints on the deformation model
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 - Combine deformation modules

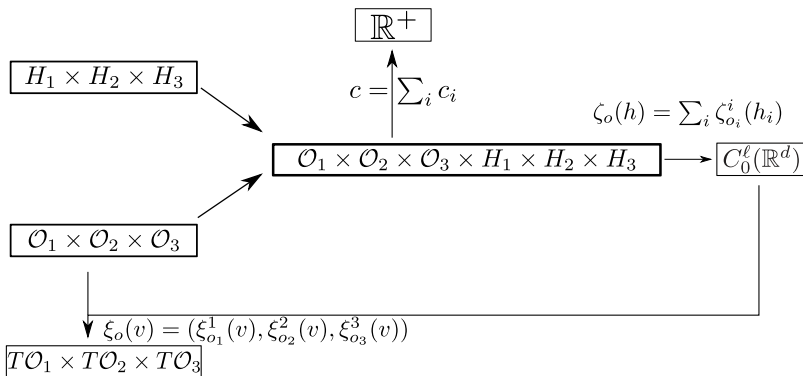
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└ Deformation modules

└ Combination of deformation modules



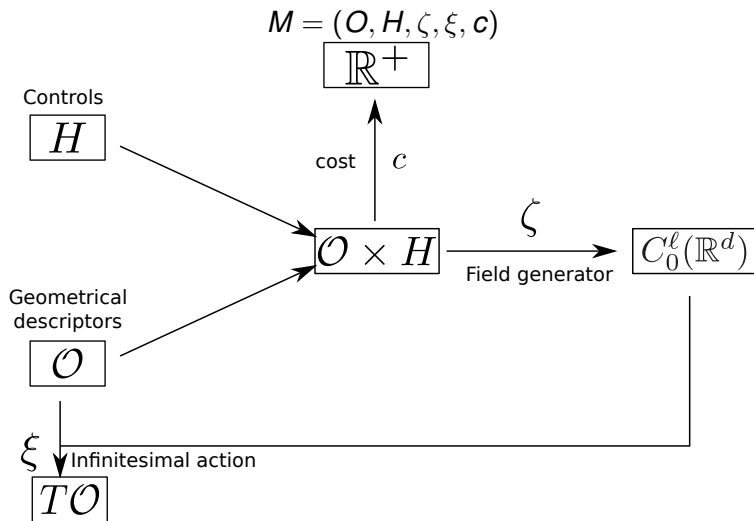
$$\mathcal{C}(M^l, l = 1 \cdots L)$$



An analysis of shape ensembles through modular diffeomorphisms

- Deformation modules

- Modular large deformations



Uniform Embedding Condition

Definition

Let $M = (\mathcal{O}, H, \zeta, \xi, c)$ be a C^k -deformation module of order ℓ . We say that M satisfies the **Uniform Embedding Condition (UEC)** if there exists a Hilbert space of vector fields V continuously embedded in $C_0^{\ell+k}(\mathbb{R}^d)$ and a constant $C > 0$ such that for all $o \in \mathcal{O}$ and for all $h \in H$, $\zeta_o(h) \in V$ and

$$|\zeta_o(h)|_V^2 \leq Cc_o(h)$$

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Proposition

If M^l , $l = 1 \cdots L$, are C^k -deformation modules of order ℓ that satisfy UEC, then $\mathcal{C}(M^l, l = 1 \cdots L)$ satisfies UEC.

Definition (Finite energy controled paths on \mathcal{O})

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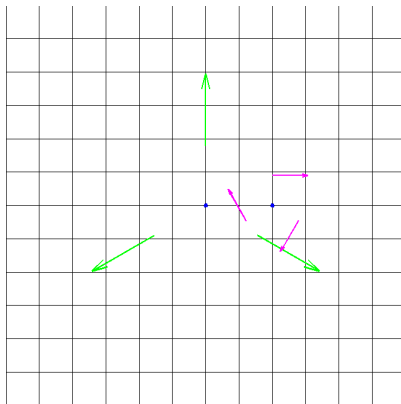
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$\longrightarrow \varphi_{t=1}^{\zeta_o(h)}$ is a modular large deformation

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An example



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$$\text{Dist}(a, b)^2 = \inf \left\{ \int_0^1 c_o(h) \mid \begin{array}{l} h \in L^2([0, 1], H), \dot{o} = \rho_o(h), \\ o_{t=0} = a, o_{t=1} = b \end{array} \right\}$$

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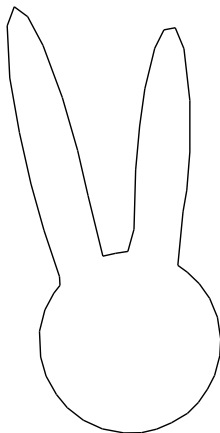
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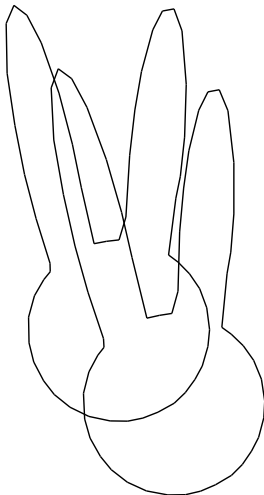
└ A simple example

Targets

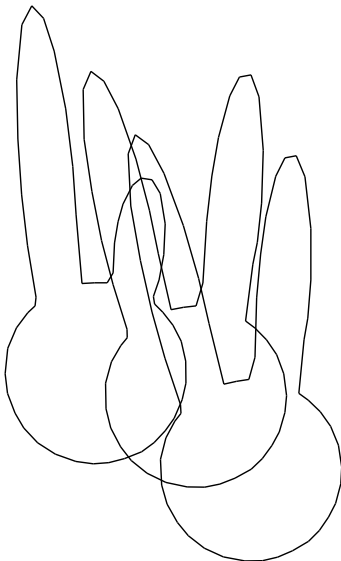
Targets



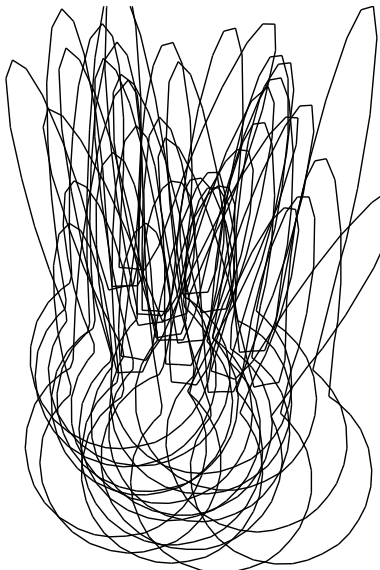
Targets



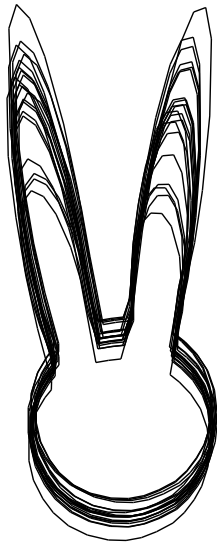
Targets



Targets



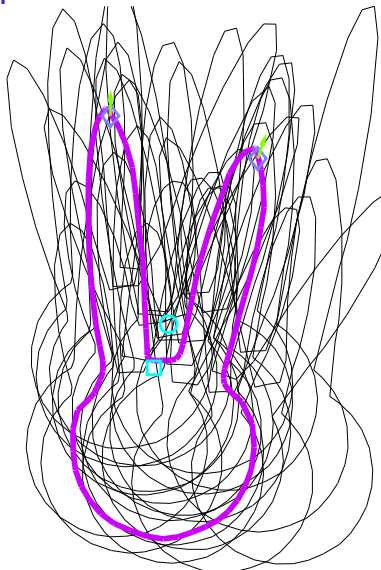
With previous rigid registration



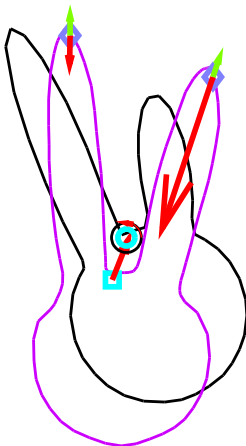
Before optimisation



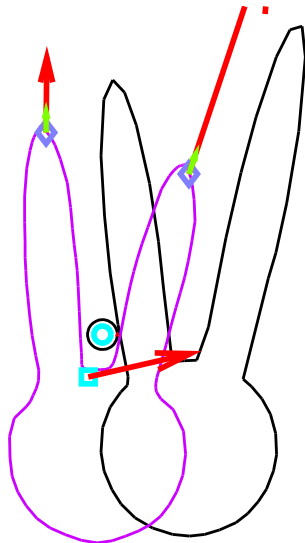
After optimisation



Example of trajectory



Example of trajectory



An analysis of shape ensembles through modular diffeomorphisms

└ Example

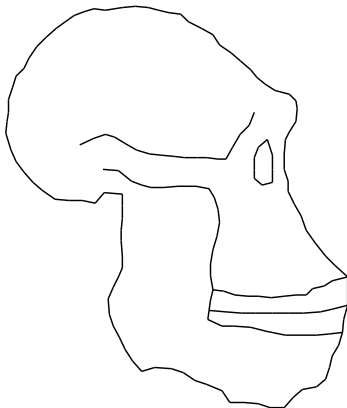
└ Weak prior

Weak prior

Targets

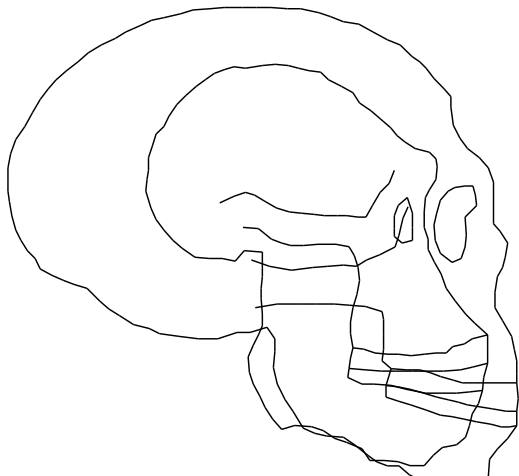
Weak prior

Targets



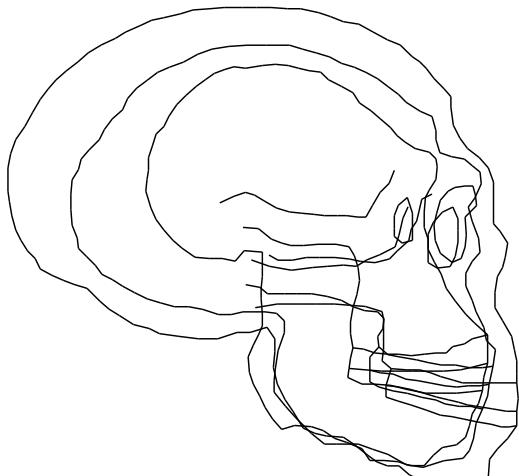
Weak prior

Targets



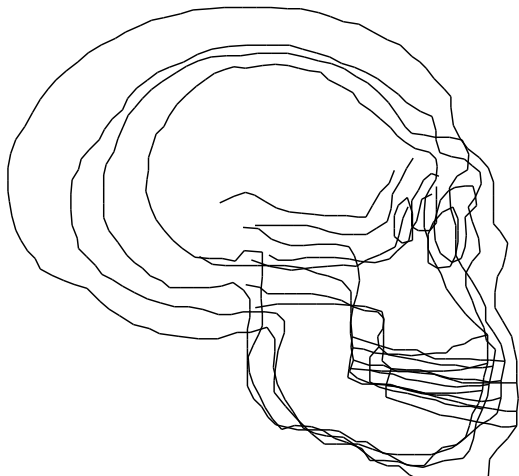
Weak prior

Targets



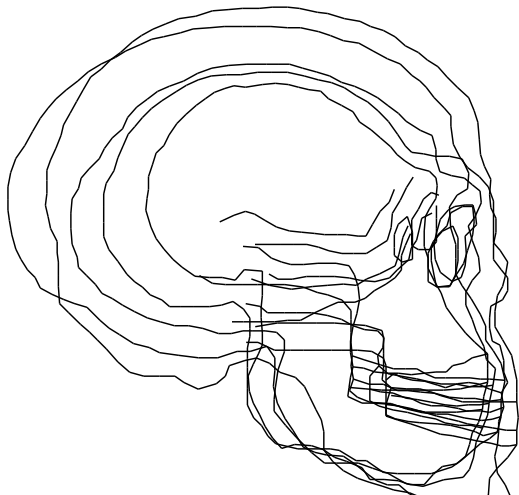
Weak prior

Targets



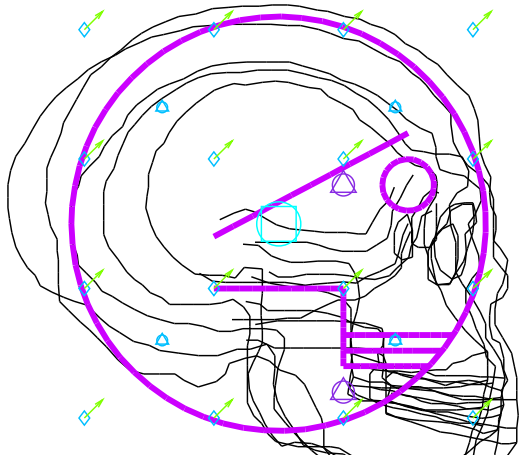
Weak prior

Targets



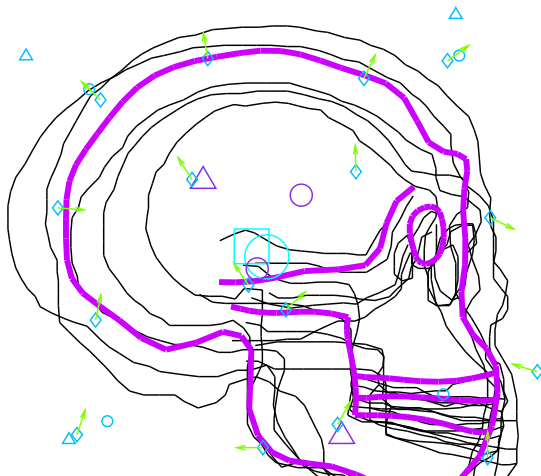
Weak prior

Before optimisation



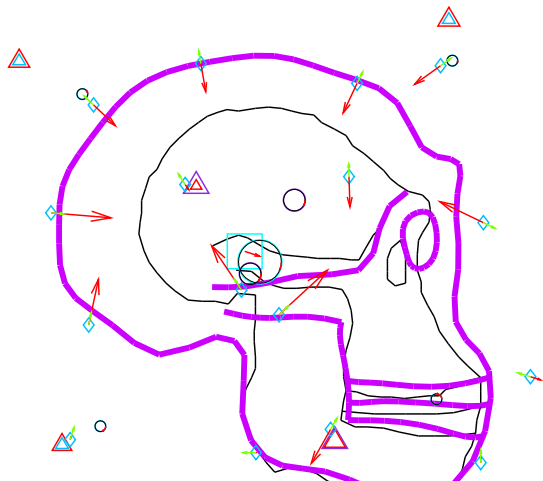
Weak prior

After optimisation



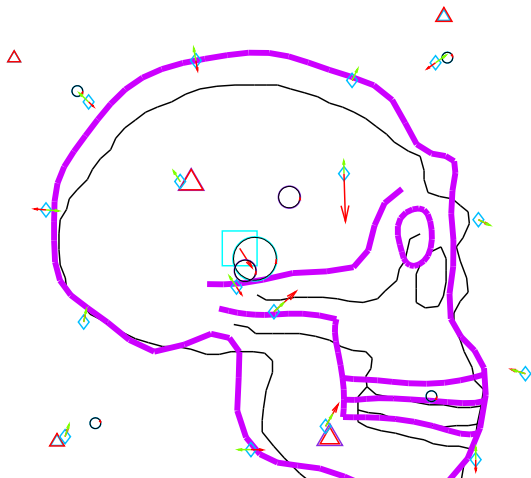
Weak prior

Example of trajectory



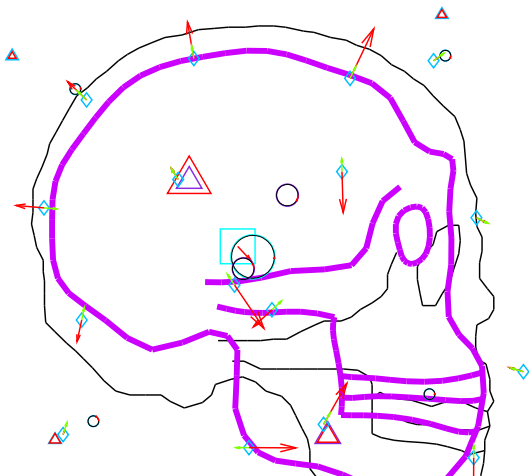
Weak prior

Example of trajectory



Weak prior

Example of trajectory



Sommaire

Introduction

Deformation modules

Definition and first example

Combination of deformation modules

Modular large deformations

Studying shape variability

Sub-Riemannian structure on \mathcal{O}

Studying shape variability in practice

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A simple example

Weak prior

Conclusion

- ▶ Generic deformation modules

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- ▶ Easily incorporate complex constraints in deformation model

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- ▶ Metric taking into account constraints

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[B. G., S. Durrleman, A. Trouvé. A sub-Riemannian modular framework for diffeomorphism based analysis of shape ensembles, 2016]

Future work

- ▶ Better understanding parametrization of geodesics

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- ▶ Influence of cost

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- ▶ Better understanding parametrization of geodesics
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- ▶ Choice of model
- ▶ Infinite dimension

Thank you for your attention !