# The central limit theorem for the independence number for minimal spanning trees on random points in the unit square 

## Sungchul Lee*and Zhonggen Su $^{\dagger}$


#### Abstract

Let $\left\{X_{i}: i \geq 1\right\}$ be i.i.d. with uniform distribution on $\left[-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right]^{d}, d \geq 2$, and let $T_{n}$ be a minimal spanning tree (MST) on $\left\{X_{1}, \ldots, X_{n}\right\}$. For each strictly positive integer $\alpha$, let $N\left(\left\{X_{1}, \ldots, X_{n}\right\} ; \alpha\right)$ be the number of vertices of degree $\alpha$ in $T_{n}$. Then, for each $\alpha$ such that $P\left(N\left(\left\{X_{1}, \ldots, X_{\alpha+1}\right\} ; \alpha\right)=1\right)>0$, we prove a central limit theorem for $N\left(\left\{X_{1}, \ldots, X_{n}\right\} ; \alpha\right)$.


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